**DESCRIPTION OF MEASURES**

1. **The support schemes set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 73/2009 of the Council**

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| **N°** | **Title** | **Description of measures** | **EAGF Budget nomenclature 2022****Chapter 08 02** |
| I.1 | Single payment scheme – Title III | This was introduced by the 2003 reform of the Common Agricultural Policy and is the scheme by which farmers received a decoupled single payment. Prior to the 2003 reform, a farmer could receive a number of specific direct payments, each one associated with a particular line of production of crop and livestock (cereals, milk, beef…). The 2003 reform incorporated these specific direct payments into a single payment and decoupled this payment from the production of crops and livestock. | **08 02 99 01 0022 072** |
| I.2 | Aid for sugar beet and cane producers –Title IV, Chapter 1, Section 7 | This was a restructuring aid provided for initially in Article 3 of Regulation (EC) No 320/2006 establishing a temporary scheme for the restructuring of the sugar industry in the Community and amending Council Regulation (EC) No 1290/2005 on the financing of the common agricultural policy for at least 50 % of the sugar quota fixed on 20 February 2006 in Annex III to Council Regulation (EC) No 318/2006 on the common organization of the markets in the sugar sector and foreseen in Section 7 of Title IV, Chapter 1 of Council Regulation (EC) No 73/2009 for sugar beet and cane producers. The aid shall be granted for a maximum of five consecutive years up to marketing year 2013/2014. | **08 02 99 01 0039 019** |
| I.3 | Beef and veal payments –Title IV, Chapter 1, Section 11 | * Suckler cow premium: coupled payment granted to the farmer keeping for at least six consecutive months from the date of the aid application suckler cows and heifers in the proportion of respectively at least 60% and no more than 40% of the number of animals applied for the payment. The premium amounts to EUR 200 per eligible animal. A national additional premium up to maximum EUR 50 per animal may be paid by the Member State.
* Special premium: coupled premium granted to farmers holding male bovine animals for fattening for a period of two months from the date of the aid application. The premium amounts to EUR 210 once in the life of each bull from the age of 9 months and EUR 150 twice in the life of each steer at 9 and 21 months.

Slaughtering premium for calves and other bovines than calves: coupled payment granted to farmer on the slaughter or the export to a third country of eligible animals held for at least 2 months on the farm. The premium amounts to EUR 80 per eligible bulls, steers, cows and heifers from the age of 8 months and EUR 50 per calves of more than one and less than eight months old and of a carcass weight up to 185 kg. | **08 02 99 01 0045 06008 02 99 01 0045 062****08 02 99 01 0046 143****08 02 99 01 0029 12208 02 99 01 0029 128****08 02 99 01 0030 092** |
| I.4 | Premiums in the sheep meat and goat meat sector – Title IV, Chapter 1, Section 10 | * Ewe and goat premiums: coupled payments granted to farmer for maintaining ewes or she-goats, under certain conditions, for at least 100 days from the last day of the period for submitting the aid applications. The premiums amount to EUR 21 per ewe reared for production of meat and EUR 16.8 per ewe for production of milk or per she-goat.

Supplementary premium: coupled payment granted to the farmer in areas where sheep and goat production is a traditional activity or contributes significantly to rural economy, or practising transhumance, under certain conditions. The premium amounts to EUR 7 per ewe and per sheep/goat. | **08 02 99 01 0052 12408 02 99 01 0052 12608 02 99 01 0052 128****08 02 99 01 0053 12408 02 99 01 0053 12608 02 99 01 0053 128** |
| I.5 | Crop-specific payment for cotton –Title IV, Chapter 1 Section 6 | The crop-specific payment for cotton is a coupled payment granted per hectare of eligible area of cotton. The area is only eligible if it is located on agricultural land authorised by the Member State for cotton production, sown with varieties authorized by the Member State and actually harvested under normal growing conditions. The aid for farmers who are members of an approved inter branch organisation is increased by an amount of EUR 2.  | **08 02 99 01 0038 104** |
| I.6 | Specific support – Title III, Chapter 5  | Member States may grant specific support to farmers for: 1) specific types of farming which are important for the protection or enhancement of the environment, 2) improving the quality of agricultural products, 3) improving the marketing of agricultural products, 4) practicing enhanced animal welfare standards, 5) specific agricultural activities entailing additional agri-environment benefits, 6) to address specific disadvantages in the dairy, beef and veal, sheep meat and goat meat and rice sectors in certain areas or for specific types of farming, 7) in areas subject to restructuring and or development programmes, 8) in the form of contributions to crop and plant insurance premiums, 9) by way of mutual funds for animal and plant diseases or environmental incidents. They may use up to 10% (3.5% in the case of coupled payments) of their national ceiling for financing that support. | **08 02 99 01 0024 03608 02 99 01 0024 03808 02 99 01 0024 040** |

1. **The support schemes set out in Annex I to Regulation (EU) No 1307/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council**

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| **N°** | **Title** | **Description of measures** | **EAGF Budget nomenclature 2022Chapter 08 02** |
| II.1 | Basic payment scheme - Title III, Sections 1, 2, 3 and 5 | The basic payment scheme (BPS) is an area payment decoupled from production operated on the basis of payment entitlements allocated to farmers. The aim is to support the income of farmers which is, on average, significantly below the average income in the rest of the economy. | **08 02 05 04** |
| II.2 | Single area payment scheme –Art. 36  | The single area payment scheme (SAPS) is a decoupled area payment paid for eligible hectares declared by a farmer. The aim is to support the income of farmers which is, on average, significantly below the average income in the rest of the economy.  | **08 02 05 02** |
| II.3 | Redistributive payment – Title III, Chapter 2  | The redistributive payment is a decoupled area payment. The aim is to support smaller farms by providing them an additional support on their first hectares declared under the basic payment.  | **08 02 05 03** |
| II.4 | Payment for agricultural practices beneficial for the climate and the environment Title III, Chapter 3 | Greening is a decoupled area payment per hectare paid. The aim is to observe three agricultural practices in favour of the climate and the environment:* crop diversification;
* maintenance of permanent grassland; and
* having ecological focus area on the agricultural area.
 | **08 02 05 05** |
| II.5 | Payment for areas with natural constraintsTitle III, Chapter 4 | The payment to areas with natural constraints is an area based decoupled payment, provided on top of the basic payment to farmers. The aim is give support to farmers who are situated in areas with natural constraints. | **08 02 05 06** |

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| II.6 | Payment for young farmers – Title III, Chapter 5 | Payment for young farmers is a payment decoupled from production providing enhanced income support to young farmers who are newly setting up for the first time. The aim is to promote the creation and development of new economic activities in the agricultural sector, which is essential for the competitiveness of the agricultural sector in the Union.  | **08 02 05 07** |
| II.7 | Voluntary coupled support – Title IV, Chapter 1  | The voluntary coupled support covers payments per hectare or head linked to specific productions. The aim is to improve the competitiveness and sustainability of sectors that are particularly important for economic, social or environmental reasons and undergo certain difficulties.  | **08 02 05 09** |
| II.8 | Crop-specific payment for cotton – Title IV, Chapter 2 | The crop-specific payment for cotton is a coupled payment granted per hectare of eligible area of cotton. It is a mandatory scheme for Member State producing cotton so as to support its production in regions where it is important for the agricultural economy.  | **08 02 05 08** |
| II.9 | Small farmers scheme –Title V  | The small farmers’ scheme (SFS) is decoupled from production and replaces all other direct payments for the concerned beneficiaries. The aim is to promote a more balanced distribution of support and to reduce administrative burden for both beneficiaries of small amount and managing authorities  | **08 02 05 10** |
| II.10 | Reimbursement of appropriations carried over from financial year N-1 (financial year in which financial discipline adjustment apply) - Art.26(5) of Regulation (EU) No 1306/2013  | Reimbursements in financial year N in accordance with Article 26(5) of Regulation (EU) No 1306/2013 of appropriations carried over from financial year N-1 proportionate to the amount of the financial discipline adjustment (including the yearly reduction of Direct payments for the establishment of the reserve for crisis in the agricultural rector). | **08 02 05 12** |

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| II.11 | Recoveries –Cross-complianceArt. 100 of Regulation (EU) No 1306/2013Cases of fraud or irregularitiesArt. 55 of Regulation (EU) No 1306/2013  | Article 100: Member States may retain 25% of the amounts resulting from cross-compliance.Article 55: Member States may retain 20% of the corresponding amounts | **62 00 00 00 0003 022to62 00 00 00 0003 031****62 00 00 00 0002 00162 00 00 00 0002 002** |

1. **The support schemes and measures set out in Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council**

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| **N°** | **Title** | **Description of measures** | **EAGF Budget Nomenclature 2022Chapter 08 02**  |
| III.1 | Public InterventionChapter I, Section 2  | When market prices for certain agricultural products fall below a predetermined level, the public authorities of the Member States may intervene to stabilise the market by purchasing surplus supplies, which may then be stored until the market price increases. The entities that must be published are the ones which benefit from the aid, in other words the entities from which the product has been bought. | **08 02 03 10** |
| III.2 | Aid for private storageChapter I, Section 3  | The aim of the aid granted is to temporarily support producers of certain products regarding the cost of private storage.  | **08 02 03 10 0001 00508 02 03 10 0001 00708 02 03 10 0001 008****08 02 03 10 0006 01508 02 03 10 0007 01008 02 03 10 0008 00208 02 03 10 0009 002** |
| III.3 | The EU school fruit, vegetables and milk scheme[[1]](#footnote-1)Chapter II, Section 1  | The aim of the aid provided is to support the distribution of agricultural products to children in nursery, primary and secondary schools with the objective to increase their fruit, vegetables and milk consumption and improve their eating habits.  | **08 02 03 04** |
| III.4 | Aid in the fruit and vegetables sectorChapter II, Section 3  | Growers are encouraged to join [producer organisations](http://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/fruit-and-vegetables/producer-organisations/index_en.htm) (POs). These receive support for implementing operational programmes, based on a national strategy. The aim of the aid granted is also to mitigate income fluctuation from crises. Aid is offered for [crisis prevention/management measures](http://ec.europa.eu/agriculture/fruit-and-vegetables/crisis-prevention/index_en.htm) under operational programmes, i.e.: product withdrawal, green harvesting/non-harvesting, promotion/communication tools, training, harvest insurance, help to secure bank loans and cover administrative costs of setting up mutual funds (farmer-owned stabilisation funds). | **08 02 03 06** |
| III.5 | Support in the wine sectorChapter II, Section 4 | The aim of the various aids granted is to ensure market balance and increase the competitiveness of Union wine: support for promotion of wine on third country markets and information on responsible consumption of wine and the Union system of PDO/PGI; co-financing of costs for restructuring and conversion of vineyards, for investments in wineries and in marketing facilities as well as for innovation; support for green harvesting, mutual funds, harvest insurance and by-product distillation. | **08 02 03 07** |
| III.6 | Support in the olive oil and tables olives sectorChapter II, Section 2  | Support granted to the three-year work programmes to be drawn up by producer organisations, associations of producer organisations or interbranch organisations in one or more of the following areas:1. market follow-up and management in the olive oil and table olives sector;
2. the improvement of the environmental impact of olive cultivation;
3. the improvement of the competitiveness of olive cultivation through modernisation;
4. the improvement of the production quality of olive oil and table olives;
5. the traceability system, the certification and protection of the quality of olive oil and table olives;
6. the dissemination of information on measures carried out by producer organisations, associations of producer organisations or interbranch organisations to improve the quality of olive oil and table olives.
 | **08 02 03 05** |
| III.7 | Aid in the apiculture sectorChapter II, Section 5  | The aim of the aid granted is to support this sector through apiculture programmes in order to improve the production and marketing of apiculture products.  | **08 02 03 08** |
| III.8 | Aid in the hops sectorChapter II Section 6 | Aid granted to support hops producer organisations. | **08 02 03 09**  |
| III.9 | Exceptional measures - Chapter I, Section 1  | The aim of the exceptional measures granted under Articles 219(1), 220(1) and 221(1) and (2) of Regulation (EU) No 1308/2013 is to support agricultural markets in accordance with Article 4(1)(a) of Regulation (EU) No 1306/2013. | **08 02 03 11** |

**IV. The measures provided for in Chapter I of Title III of Regulation (EU) No 1305/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council**

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| **N°** | **Title** | **Measure** | **Description of measures** | **EAFRD Budget Nomenclature 2022Chapter 08 03EAFRD 08 03 01 02EURI[[2]](#footnote-2) 08 03 01 03** |
| IV/1 | [RD] Art. 14 | Knowledge transfer and information actions  | M01: This measure concerns training and other types of activities such as workshops, coaching, demonstration activities, information actions, short-term farm and forest exchange and visit schemes in order to enhance the human potential of persons engaged in the agricultural, food and forestry sectors, land managers and small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) operating in rural areas. | **08 03 01 02 01[[3]](#footnote-3)08 03 01 03 01** |
| IV/2 | [RD]Art. 15 | Advisory services, farm management and farm relief services | M02: This measure, through the use of advisory services as well as the setting up of advisory, farm management and farm relief services, aims to improve the sustainable management and the economic and environmental performance of farm and forest holdings and SMEs operating in rural areas. It also promotes the training of advisors. | **08 03 01 02 0208 03 01 03 02** |
| IV/3 | [RD]Art. 16 | Quality schemes for agricultural products and foodstuffs | M03: The aim of this measure is to support all new entrants to the Union, national and voluntary quality schemes. Support may also cover costs arising from information and promotion activities in order to improve consumers' awareness of the existence and specifications of products produced under these Union and national quality schemes. | **08 03 01 02 0308 03 01 03 03** |
| IV/4 | RD]Art. 17 | Investments in physical assets | M04: The aim of this measure is to improve the economic and environmental performance of agricultural holdings and rural enterprises, improve the efficiency of the agricultural products marketing and processing sector, provide infrastructure needed for the development of agriculture and forestry and support non-remunerative investments necessary to achieve environmental aims. | **08 03 01 02 0408 03 01 03 04** |
| IV/5 | [RD]Art. 18 | Restoring agricultural production potential damage by natural disasters and introduction of appropriate prevention actions | M05: This measure should help farmers prevent natural disasters and catastrophic events or restore agricultural potential, which has been damaged, after its formal recognition by the competent public authorities of Member States, in order to help farm viability and competitiveness in the face of such events. | **08 03 01 02 0508 03 01 03 05** |
| IV/6 | [RD]Art. 19 | Farm and business development | M06: This measure supports the creation and development of new viable economic activities such as new holdings run by young farmers, new businesses in rural areas, or the development of small farms. Support is also given to new or existing enterprises for investments and development of non-agricultural activities which are essential for the development and competitiveness of rural areas and of all farmers diversifying their agricultural activities. The measure provides payments for farmers eligible for the small farmers scheme who permanently transfer their holding to another farmer.  | **08 03 01 02 0608 03 01 03 06** |
| IV/7 | [RD]Art. 20 | Basic services and village renewal in rural areas | M07: This measure supports the interventions stimulating growth and promoting environmental and socio-economic sustainability of rural areas, in particular through the development of local infrastructure (including broadband, renewable energy and social infrastructure) and local basic services, as well as through the renewal of villages and activities aimed at the restoration and upgrading of the cultural and natural heritage. The measure also supports the relocation of activities and conversion of facilities with a view to improving the quality of life or increasing the environmental performance of the settlement. | **08 03 01 02 0708 03 01 03 07** |
| IV/8 | [RD] Art.21(22-26) | Investments in forest area development and improvement of the viability of forests | M08: This measure aims to promote investments in development of woodlands, in forest protection, in innovation in forestry, in forestry technologies and forest products, in order to contribute to the growth potential of rural areas. | **08 03 01 02 08[[4]](#footnote-4)08 03 01 02 3708 03 01 02 4708 03 01 02 57****08 03 01 03 0808 03 01 03 3708 03 01 03 4708 03 01 03 57** |
| IV/9 | [RD]Art. 22 | Afforestation and creation of woodland | This sub-measure provides support for operations of afforestation and creation of woodland on agricultural and non-agricultural land.  | **See IV/A.8** |
| IV/10 | [RD]Art. 23 | Establishment of agroforestry systems | This sub-measure supports the establishment of agroforestry systems and practices where woody perennials are deliberately integrated with crops and/or animals on the same land unit.  | **See IV/A.8** |
| IV/11 | [RD]Art. 24 | Prevention and restoration of damage to forests from forest fires, natural disasters and catastrophic events | This sub-measure aims at preventing and restoring (clearing and replanting) forestry potential after the occurrence of forest fires, other natural disasters including pest and disease outbreaks, as well as climate change related threats.  | **See IV/A.8** |
| IV/A.12 | [RD]Art. 25 | Investments improving the resilience and environmental value of forest ecosystems | This sub-measure supports actions that enhance the environmental value of the forest, facilitate the adaptation and mitigation of forests to climate change, provide ecosystem services and enhance the public amenity value of forest. The increase of the environmental value of the forest should be ensured.  | **See IV/A.8** |
| IV/A.13 | [RD]Art. 26 | Investments in forest technologies, processing, mobilising and marketing of forest products | This sub-measure aims at providing support for investment in machinery and/or equipment related to harvesting, cutting, mobilising, processing the wood prior to industrial sawing of wood. The main goal of this sub-measure is to improve the economic value of forests. | **See IV/A.8** |
| IV/A.14 | [RD]Art. 27 | Setting up of producer groups and organisations | M09: This measure supports the setting up of producer groups and organisations, especially in the early years, when additional costs are incurred so as to face jointly market challenges and strengthening bargain power in relation to production and marketing, including in local markets. | **08 03 01 02 0908 03 01 03 09** |
| IV/A.15 | [RD]Art. 28 | Agri-environment-climate | M10: This measure encourages land managers to apply farming practices contributing to the protection of the environment, landscape, natural resources and climate mitigation and adaptation. It may concern not only environmentally beneficial improvements to farming practice but also the maintenance of existing beneficial practices. | **08 03 01 02 10****08 03 01 02 3008 03 01 02 4008 03 01 02 50****08 03 01 03 1008 03 01 03 3008 03 01 03 4008 03 01 03 50** |
| IV/A.16 | [RD]Art. 29 | Organic farming | M11: This measure is focused on supporting the conversion to and/or the maintenance of organic farming practices and methods, with a view to encourage farmers to participate in such schemes, thus answering to society's demand for the use of environmentally friendly farm practices. | **08 03 01 02 11[[5]](#footnote-5)08 03 01 02 3108 03 01 02 4108 03 01 02 5108 03 01 03 1108 03 01 03 3108 03 01 03 4108 03 01 03 51** |
| IV/A.17 | [RD]Art. 30 | Natura 2000 and Water Framework Directive payments | M12: This measure gives compensatory support to beneficiaries who suffer from particular disadvantages due to specific mandatory requirements in the areas concerned resulting from the implementation of Birds and Habitats Directives and Water Framework Directive (WFD) when compared to the situation of farmers and foresters in other areas not concerned by these disadvantages. | **08 03 01 02 1208 03 01 02 3208 03 01 02 4208 03 01 02 5208 03 01 03 1208 03 01 03 3208 03 01 03 4208 03 01 03 52** |
| IV/18 | [RD]Art. 31 | Payments to areas facing natural or other specific constraints | M13: This measure gives support to beneficiaries who suffer from particular constraints due to their location in mountain areas or other areas facing significant natural constraints or specific constraints. | **08 03 01 02 1308 03 01 02 3308 03 01 02 4308 02 01 02 5308 03 01 03 1308 03 01 03 3308 03 01 03 4308 02 01 03 53** |
| IV/19 | [RD]Art. 33 | Animal welfare | M14: This measure provides payments to farmers who undertake, on a voluntary basis, to carry out operations of one or more animal welfare commitments. | **08 03 01 02 1408 03 01 02 3408 03 01 02 4408 03 01 02 5408 03 01 03 1408 03 01 03 3408 03 01 03 4408 03 01 03 54** |
| IV/20 | [RD]Art. 34 | Forest-environmental and climate services and forest conservation | M15: This measure responds to the needs of promoting the sustainable management and improvement of forests and woodland, including the maintenance and improvement of biodiversity, water and soil resources and combating climate change and also to the need to conserve the forest genetic resources, including activities such as development of different varieties of forest species in order to adapt to specific local conditions. | **08 03 01 02 1508 03 01 02 3508 03 01 02 4508 03 01 02 55****08 03 01 03 1508 03 01 03 3508 03 01 03 4508 03 01 03 55** |
| IV/21 | [RD]Art. 35 | Co-operation | M16: This measure promotes forms of co-operation involving at least two entities and aiming to develop (*inter alia*): pilot projects; new products, practices, processes and technologies in the agriculture, food and forestry sectors; tourism services; short supply chains and local markets; joint projects / practices concerning the environment / climate change; projects for the sustainable provision of biomass; non-LEADER local development strategies; forest management plans; and diversification into "social farming" activities. | **08 03 01 02 1608 03 01 03 16** |
| IV/22 | [RD]Art. 36 | Risk management | M17: This measure represents a new risk management toolkit and takes forward the possibilities that currently exist to support insurances and mutual funds via Member States' national direct payment envelopes to help farmers exposed to increasing economic and environmental risks. The measure also introduces an income stabilisation tool to provide compensation to farmers suffering a severe drop in their income. | **08 03 01 02 1708 03 01 03 17** |
| IV/22Bis | [RD]Art. 39b | Exceptional temporary support to farmers and SMEs particularly affected by the COVID-19 crisis | M21: This measure aims at providing emergency assistance to farmers and SMEs particularly affected by the COVID-19 crisis, aiming at ensuring continuity of their business activity. The support shall take the form of a lump sum payment to be paid by 31 December 2021, based on applications for support approved by the competent authority by 30 June 2021. | **08 03 01 02 21** |
| IV/23 | [RD]Art. 40 | Financing of complementary national direct payments for Croatia | M18: This measure offers to the farmers eligible for complementary national direct payments in Croatia a top-up payment under the second pillar. | **08 03 01 02 18** |
| IV/24 | [CPR]Art. 35 of Regulation (EU) No 1303/2013  | Support for LEADER local development (CLLD – community-led local development) | M19: This measure aims to maintain LEADER as an integrated territorial development tool on sub-regional ("local") level which will directly contribute to the balanced territorial development of rural areas, which is one of the overall objectives of the rural development policy.Support for community-led local development [LEADER under EAFRD] covers:1. the costs of preparatory support consisting of capacity building, training and networking with a view to preparing and implementing a community-led local development strategy;
2. implementation of operations under the CLLD strategy;
3. preparation and implementation of the local action group's cooperation activities;
4. running costs linked to the management of the implementation of the CLLD strategy;
5. animation of the CLLD strategy.
 | **08 03 01 02 1908 03 01 02 3908 03 01 02 4908 03 01 02 59****08 03 01 03 1908 03 01 03 3908 03 01 03 4908 03 01 03 59** |
| IV/25 | [RD]Art. 51 - 54  | Technical assistance | M20: This measure gives to Members States the ability to provide a technical assistance to support actions that support administrative capacity linked to the management of ESI Funds. These actions may be addressed to the preparation, management, monitoring, evaluation, information and communication, networking, complaint resolution and control and audit of the Rural Development Programmes.  | **08 03 01 02 2008 03 01 03 20** |

**V/A. The information and promotion measures provided for in Regulation (EU) No 1144/2014**

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| **N°** | **Title** | **Description of measure** | **Budget nomenclature 2022** |
| V/A.1 | Information and promotion measures  | Information provision and promotion measures concerning agricultural products and certain food products based on agricultural products implemented in the internal market or in third countries as listed inRegulation (EU) No 1144/2014 may be fully or partly financed by the Union budget, subject to the conditions laid down in this Regulation. These measures shall take the form of information and promotion programmes. | **08 02 03 02** |

**V/B. The measures provided for in Regulation (EU) No 228/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council**

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| **N°** | **Title** | **Description of measure** | **Budget nomenclature 2022** |
| V/B.1 | POSEI and smaller Aegean islands  | Aid granted for the following measure:POSEI is a specific agricultural scheme aiming at taking into account the constraints of the Outermost Regions as required by Article 349 TFEU. It consists of two main elements: the specific supply arrangements and the measures to support local production. The former aims at mitigating additional costs for supplying essential products resulting from the remoteness of these regions (through aid for products from the EU and exemption from import duties for products from third countries) and the latter at assisting the development of the local agriculture sector (direct payments and market measures). POSEI also allows the financing of plant-health programmes. | **08 02 03 0108 02 05 01** |

**V/C. The measures provided for in Regulation (EU) No 229/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council**

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| **N°** | **Title** | **Description of measure** | **Budget nomenclature 2022** |
| V/C.1 | Smaller Aegean Islands | Aid granted for the following measure:The regime for the Smaller Aegean Islands is similar to POSEI but does not have the same legal basis in the Treaty and operates on a smaller scale than POSEI. It includes both the specific supply arrangements (limited however to aid for products from the EU) and the measures to support the local agricultural activities consisting in top-up payments for specifically defined local products. | **08 02 03 0108 02 05 01** |

1. Applicable since 1 August 2017. [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. Rural development measures financed by the European Recovery Instrument (EURI). [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
3. For measures having only **non-IACS** expenditure (M01, M02, M03, M04 M05 M06 M07 M09 M17, M20), the codes do not change in the years. [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
4. Measures **mixed** IACS and non-IACS (M08, M10, M15; M19): for IACS expenditure, the first digit identifies the campaign year of the expenditure: 1= 2018 or earlier; 3=2019; 4=2020; 5=2021; 6= 2022 (and 7= 2023). The second digit identifies the measure number (7= 08; 0= 10 etc.) [↑](#footnote-ref-4)
5. For the measures with **only** IACS expenditure (M11, M12, M13, M14, M18), the first digit identifies the campaign year of the expenditure: 1= 2018 or earlier; 3=2019;4=2020; 5=2021; 6= 2022 (and 7= 2023). The second digit identifies the measure number (1= 11; 2= 12; 3=13 etc.). [↑](#footnote-ref-5)