



#HorizonEU



THE EU RESEARCH & INNOVATION PROGRAMME

2021 - 2027

LUMP SUM FUNDING IN HORIZON EUROPE: HOW DOES IT WORK? HOW TO WRITE A PROPOSAL?



EUROPEAN COMMISSION, DG RTD

Common Implementation Centre 27 March 2025

Research and Innovation

Why do we use lump sum funding?

Reducing the financial error rate

- Following the ECA annual reports 2019 and 2020, there is wide agreement that the error rate in the R&I Framework Programmes must be reduced
- Lump sums are a key measure to achieve this in Horizon Europe

Significant simplification potential

- Funding based on reimbursement of real costs remains complex and error-prone.
 Little scope for further simplification
- Lump sums remove the obligation to report actual costs and resources
- Easier to use for beneficiaries with limited experience

Focus on content

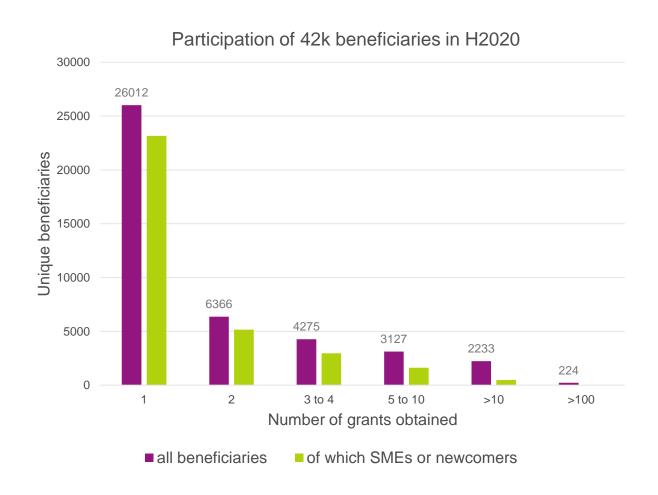
Focus less on financial management and more on content



Why do we use lump sum funding?

Easier access to the programme

- Very small share of beneficiaries have more than 100 grants:
 - Large entities
 - Dedicated staff and procedures to deal with actual costs
- Vast majority of beneficiaries have only 1 or 2 grants per programme:
 - Most of them SMEs or newcomers
 - Little or no previous experience
 - Need a simple funding model





Common understanding needed

We need to explain lump sums, but we see no blocking issues

We are aware of concerns

- More work to set up a proposal
- Less flexibility in grant management
- Higher financial risk, leading to fewer newcomers, fewer SMEs, less ambitious proposals

We are aware of misunderstandings

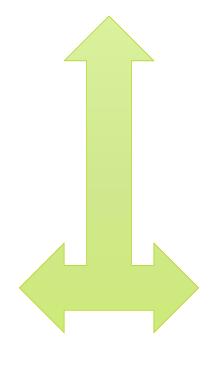
- Budget details are only needed for lump sums (not true)
- Lump sum payments depend on a successful outcome (not true);
 partially completed lump sum work packages will not be paid (not true)
- In actual cost grants, beneficiaries have fewer obligations; reimbursement only requires correct invoices and is independent of other partners (all not true)



Two lump sum options

Type 1

Lump sum fixed in the call for proposal



Type 2

You define the lump sum in your proposal

So far, except ERC Proof of Concept, all lump sum topics under Horizon Europe are Type 2.



Writing a lump sum proposal

- To write a lump sum proposal, you:
 - Use the standard Horizon Europe application form
 - Present the objectives and methodology of your project and address the expected outcomes and impacts as in any Horizon Europe proposal
 - Describe in detail the activities covered by each work package.
- To define and justify the lump sum, you need to provide a detailed budget table with cost estimations.
- The detailed budget table is an **Excel file**. You must download it from the online submission system, fill it and submit it as an annex to the Part B of your application form.



Writing a lump sum proposal

- In this detailed budget table, you provide cost estimations for each cost category
 per beneficiary (and affiliated entity if any) and per work package.
- The cost estimations must be an approximation of your actual costs. They:
 - are subject to the same eligibility rules as in actual costs grants
 - must be in line with your normal practices
 - must be reasonable / non-excessive
 - must be in line with and necessary for your proposed activities.
- The cost estimations are used to generate in the detailed budget table a breakdown
 of lump sum shares per work package and per participant.
- Details and instructions on how to fill in the lump sum detailed budget table are provided in the <u>Funding & Tenders Portal</u>.



Project design – Work packages

Work package distribution



As many as needed but no more than what is manageable

A work package (WP) is a major sub-division of the work plan of your project.

- A single activity is not a WP
- A single task is not a WP
- A % of progress is not a WP (e.g. 50 % of the tests)
- A lapse of time is generally not a WP (e.g. activities of year 1)

Work packages with a long duration **may** be split along the reporting periods (e.g., Management, Dissemination and Exploitation, etc.) In this way, the relevant activities can be paid at the end of the reporting period.



Splitting work packages - example

Single long-duration work package

WP no	WP name	YEAR 1	YEA	AR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4						
		Reporting Period	(RP) 1	F	Reporting Period (RP) 2	Reporting Period (RP) 3						
		1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	13 14 15 16 17 18	19 20 21 22 23 24	25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	5 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48						
WP1	Management											

Splitting *

Split work packages, same content

WP no	WP name	YEAR 1				YEAR 2							YEAR 3									YEAR 4																							
		Reporting Period (RP) 1							Reporting Period (RP) 2 Reporting Period (d (R	(RP) 3																										
		1 2	3 4	5 6	7	8 9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36 3	7 3	8 3	9 4	0 4	1 4	12 4	3 4	44	15 4	6 4	,7 4	8
WP1	Management (RP1)																																												
WP2	Management (RP2)																																												
WP3	Management (RP3)																		·								Ť				Ť														

- * Splitting WPs along the boundaries of reporting periods allows activities to be reimbursed at intermediate payments.
- * In case the resulting work packages have the same tasks, there is **no need to repeat** the same description for each split work package in the proposal (part B, table 3.1b).



Evaluation of a lump sum proposal

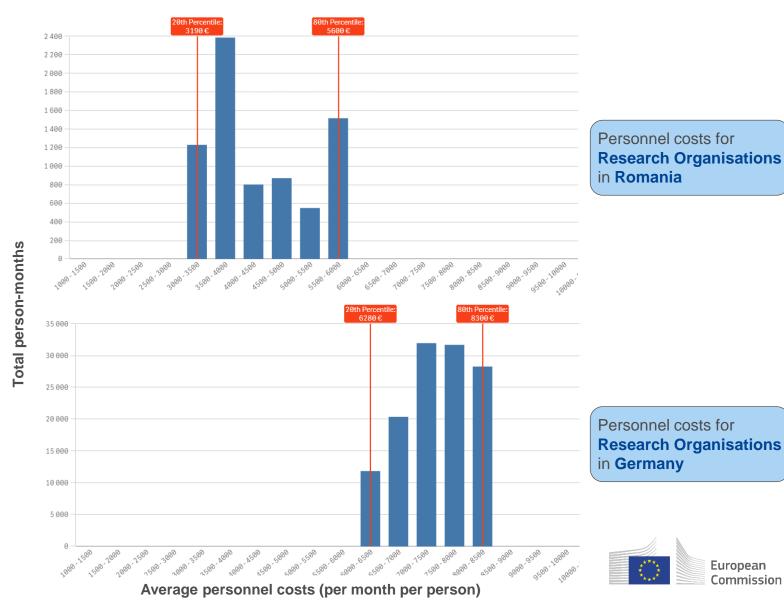
- Your proposal will be evaluated by independent experts against the standard evaluation criteria: excellence, impact, and implementation.
- The cost estimations will be assessed against the proposed activities under the implementation criterion.
- Experts will:
 - ensure that the cost estimations are reasonable and non-excessive
 - evaluate whether the proposed resources and the split of the lump sum allow completing the activities described in the proposal.
- If the experts find overestimated costs, they make **concrete recommendations** on the budget that are recorded in the Evaluation Summary Report. This will be reflected in a modified lump sum amount in the grant agreement.
- Cost estimations that are clearly overestimated or underestimated lead to a decreased score under the implementation criterion.

Horizon dashboard for lump sum evaluations

- Evaluation experts must use the dashboard as an orientation to ensure that budgets are reasonable and non-excessive.
- For each combination of country and organisation type selected, the dashboard displays the distribution between the 20th and the 80th percentile, and the median personnel costs.
- Based on grants signed from 2022 (next data refresh: end-Oct 2024).
- Applicants justify high personnel costs in the 'Any comments' tab of the Excel detailed budget table.

Access the dashboard here

ERC Advanced Grants use a different <u>dashboard</u> for lump sum evaluations.



Grant preparation

- We follow the standard process to prepare the grant agreement.
- The grant agreement for your project will be based on the <u>Model Grant Agreement for lump sum</u> grants.
- The 'no negotiation' principle applies. The grant agreements is prepared on the basis of the proposal you submitted. However, some changes might be necessary:
 - correcting obvious errors and inconsistencies
 - other changes necessary to comply with applicable rules
 - adjustment of the lump sum to the amount specified in the Evaluation Result Letter
- The breakdown of lump sum shares per beneficiary and per work package is included in the grant agreement as Annex 2. The submitted detailed lump sum budget table is not part of the lump sum grant agreement.
- Once the lump sum is fixed in the grant agreement, it will not be questioned
 if the prices for goods or services change later on.



Budget allocation

Budget allocation (annex 2 to the grant agreement)

	WP1	WP2	WP3	WP4	WP5	WP6	WP7	WP8	Total
Beneficiary A	250.000			50.000	300.000	250.000		300.000	1.150.000
Beneficiary B		250.000	350.000	50.000			100.000	150.000	900.000
Beneficiary C	100.000	100.000		50.000		280.000			530.000
Beneficiary D		120.000		50.000			100.000	150.000	420.000
Total	350.000	470.000	350.000	200.000	300.000	530.000	200.000	600.000	3.000.000
								_	

Shares of the lump sum per beneficiary

Shares of the lump sum per WP

Lump sum
=
Maximum grant
amount

You can **use the budget as you see fit** as long as the project is implemented as agreed. The actual distribution of the lump sum is invisible to us.

Budget transfers between work packages and/or partners require an amendment if the consortium wants to reflect them in the grant agreement.



Payment schedule

Types of payments:



payment

Pre-financing

 Same function and same rules



- One or more
 - We pay the shares of the lump sum set out in Annex 2 for the work packages completed & approved in the reporting period



the

of

Payment

- Closes the financial aspects of the grant
- Partial payment for partially completed WPs possible
- Releases the amount retained for the Mutual Insurance Mechanism

Interim payment(s) as for other grants Coordinator distributes the amount according to consortium agreement



Amendments

- Lump sum grants can be amended.
- Same procedure and conditions as for all Horizon grants.
- Lump sum work packages that have already been paid cannot be amended.
- A technical review is needed to amend Horizon 2020 lump sum grants (no longer needed under Horizon Europe).
- Deviations from the work plan can also be flagged in the periodic report (simplified procedure).

Change of the project duration / reporting periods

Transfer of tasks between beneficiaries

Changes in the work plan

Possible amendment types

(examples)

Additional activities to be subcontracted

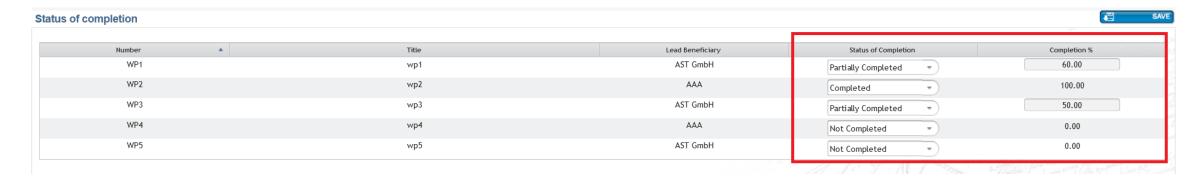
Changes of the lump sum shares

Adding or removing participants



Reporting and payment (1)

- Use the standard reporting template
- The coordinator declares work packages as Completed or Not Completed.
 This should be justified by the technical periodic report.
- An incomplete work package can be completed and paid in a subsequent reporting period.
- At the final reporting period, it is possible to declare Partially Completed work packages, and to enter the percentage of completion.





The completion of work packages is not based on a successful outcome, but on the **completion of activities** as described in the description of action.



Reporting and payment (2)

- The financial report is much simplified and to a large extent automated.
- The financial statement for all beneficiaries is **automatically generated** (based on the accepted work packages and the corresponding lump sum shares).

	WP1	WP2	WP3	WP4	WP5
Beneficiary A	250.000			50.000	300.000
Beneficiary B		250.000	350.000	50.000	
Beneficiary C	100.000	100.000		50.000	
Beneficiary D		120.000		50.000	
Total	350.000	470.000	350.000	200.000	300.000

x x

Payment = 350 000 + 0 + 350 000 + 0 = 700 000 €

Interim payments pay the lump sum shares for completed work packages.

Final payments can also pay partially completed work packages.



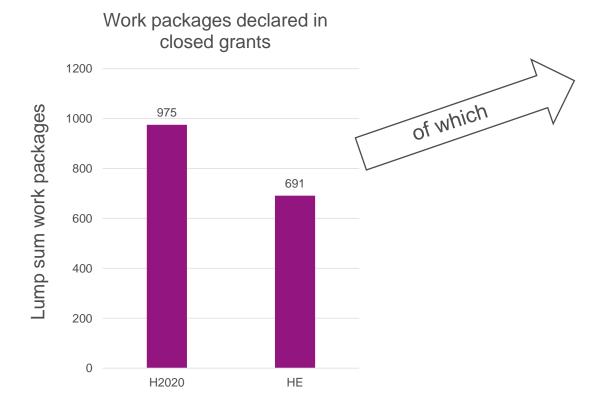
Acceptance of work packages

- Work packages are accepted if the activities have been carried out. We can also accept them
 when all essential tasks have been completed, when equivalent tasks have been carried out,
 or when deviations have been justified.
- Lump sum projects can be amended according to scientific-technical needs (or deviations can be justified in the reports). Use these mechanisms to make completion of work packages feasible.
- Before a lump sum work package (that you declared completed) is rejected as incomplete, you are invited to respond to the observations of the project officer.
- If the rejection is upheld the lump sum share concerned is not paid at that point in time. You should
 complete the work package later and declare it at the end of any subsequent reporting period.
- If it is not possible to complete a work package by the end of the project (e.g., for technical reasons or due to force majeure), the lump sum is paid partially in line with the degree of completion.
 The decision on the partial amount is taken on a case-by-case basis.
 You will be able to provide observations.



Acceptance of work packages – in practice

 665 closed lump sum grants so far (September 2024)



> At final payment

- 99% were paid as declared
- 1% were partially rejected
- > At intermediate payment
 - Rejection of work packages is rare;
 when it happens, the payment is
 delayed to the next reporting period
- Controls work
- No evidence of increased financial risks for beneficiaries



Ex-post controls

Checks, reviews and audits for:



Proper implementation of the action (e.g. technical review)



Compliance with the other non-financial obligations of the grant, e.g.

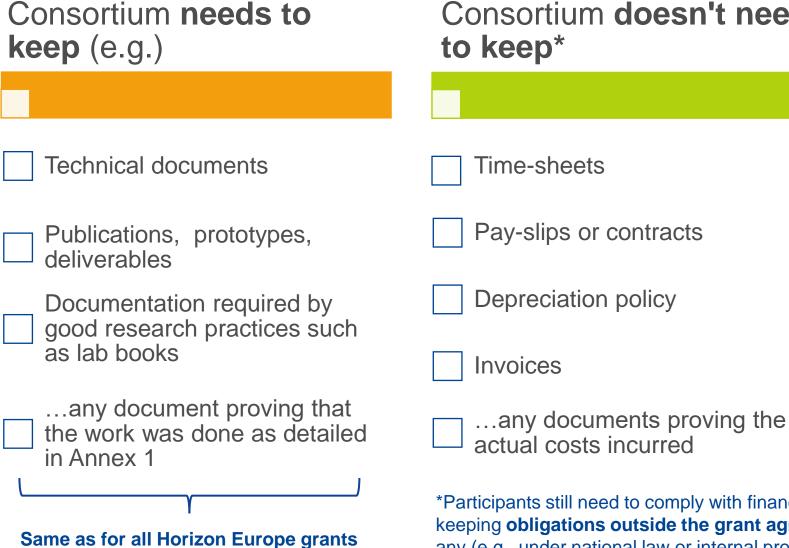
IPR obligations
 Ethics and integrity
 Open science
 Dissemination
 Etc.



No financial checks, reviews and audits by EU services



Keeping records



Consortium doesn't need

*Participants still need to comply with financial record keeping obligations outside the grant agreement, if any (e.g., under national law or internal procedures)



Resources available

One dedicated **lump sum page** on the Funding &Tenders Portal with

Video tutorials

- Overview of lump sum funding
- Detailed budget table
- Horizon dashboard for lump sum evaluations

Guidance documents

- What do I need to know? & Quick guide
- Frequently asked questions
- Detailed guidance for participants
- <u>Lump sum briefing slides for experts</u>

Reference documents

- Model Grant Agreement Lump Sum
- <u>Decision authorising the use of lump sum</u>
 <u>contributions under the Horizon Europe Programme</u>

Studies

- <u>European Commission assessment</u> (Sep 2024)
- <u>European Commission assessment</u> (Oct 2021)
- European Parliament (STOA) study on lump sums in Horizon 2020 (May 2022)

Events

- Future events
- Past events and recordings





Research Enquiry Service

For questions about research and Horizon Europe, you can contact the Research Enquiry Service via the webform:

Research Enquiry Service (europa.eu)



Current developments

- Continuous monitoring of lump sum grants, adjustments if necessary
 - ➤ New <u>assessment</u> of lump sum funding in H2020 and HE published on 3 Sep 2024
- Ex-post technical reviews for lump sum grants, variant of existing project reviews
- IT implementation of the detailed lump sum budget planned for 2025
- Stepwise roll-out of lump sums:
 - **>** 2021-2022: 2%
 - ➤ 2023: > 10%
 - > 2024: nearly 30%
 - 2025-2027: further increase, reaching 50% by 2027





Thank you!

HorizonEU

http://ec.europa.eu/horizon-europe

